

**Congress Docket
Medomak Valley High School
December 2, 2017**

**1) A Bill to Have a More Complete Analysis of Transgender People in the
Military**

1. **WHEREAS** the NHS (National Health Service) and other health organizations have
2. classified gender dysphoria (gender identity disorder) as a mental illness.
3. **WHEREAS** the military has to perform analyses and background checks on other mental
4. illnesses such as; depression, bipolar disorder, anxiety, PTSD (Post Traumatic Stress
5. Disorder), schizophrenia, etc.
6. **BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:**
7. **SECTION 1.** All transgender people must have an analyzation done for gender dysphoria and
8. a background check performed in order to be recruited into the military.
9. **SECTION 2.** Transgender people includes both transgender males and transgender
10. females.
11. **SECTION 3.** Questions regarding the gender dysphoria analysis must be that from the
12. medical questionnaire for transgender people.
13. **SECTION 4.** Transgender people wishing to join the military must either meet or exceed
14. The physical training of the gender they are wishing to transition to.
15. **SECTION 5.** In order to receive transgender treatment through the military (hormones,
16. chest surgery, genital surgery, etc.) you must show transgender (Gender Identity Disorder)
17. diagnoses papers.
18. **SECTION 6.** The U.S military shall oversee the implementation of this legislation.
19. **SECTION 7.** This legislation shall go into effect immediately upon passage.
20. **SECTION 8.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by SHS, Maine District

2) A BILL TO ABOLISH THE TAMPON TAX

1. Whereas, tampons are an essential item;

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2. SECTION 1. The luxury tax placed on feminine hygiene products will be repealed on

3. federal and state levels to eliminate unnecessary costs and promote equality.

4. SECTION 2. Feminine hygiene products are defined as menstrual tampons and pads

5. categorized by the FDA. A luxury tax is a tax placed on products or services that are

6. deemed to be unnecessary or non-essential.

7. SECTION 3. Local, state, and federal governments will oversee the enforcement of

8. the bill along with the specific enforcement mechanism.

A. No state may add a luxury tax or heightened sales tax on feminine hygiene products.

B. States in noncompliance with this bill will be forced to pay twice the amount collected in feminine product tax to the federal government.

C. This fine will be collected every fiscal year for five years.

9. If the violation has not been fixed within that five-year period, then the fine will triple the

10. original amount until the violation is permanently fixed.

11. SECTION 4. This bill shall go into effect immediately, but states will have one year from

12. passage to implement before fines would be applicable.

13. SECTION 5. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Cape Elizabeth High School, Maine District

3) A Bill to Close the Guantanamo Bay Detention Camp

1. **Whereas**, The injustice of Guantánamo is costing the United States a fortune.
2. **Whereas**, In 2013, American taxpayers spent **\$454 million** detention operations at
3. Guantanamo Bay, which now holds 41 detainees, which equates to roughly \$11 million per
4. detainee.
5. BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
6. **SECTION 1.** The United States will formally close the Guantanamo Bay
7. detention camp and revoke claims to the territory occupied by the Guantanamo
8. Bay Naval Base.
9. **SECTION 2.** Each detainee currently held at the detention camp will either be
10. transferred to a non-military prison within the United States and promptly given a
11. trial with due process or released within the United States or to other countries.
12. **SECTION 3.** The Department of Justice and Department of Defense will enforce
13. this legislation.
14. **SECTION 4.** Prisoners shall be transferred and the territory shall be returned by
15. December 31, 2018.
16. **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Cape Elizabeth High School, Maine District

4) A Bill to Institute Universal Healthcare to Provide Adequate Care for All Citizens

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STUDENT CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1. **SECTION 1.** Universal healthcare shall be offered to all citizens of the United States.
2. **SECTION 2.** Universal Healthcare shall be defined as healthcare that is provided
3. without charge, for all citizens, regardless of condition, age, or preexisting condition.
4. This includes consultations, surgeries, nursing care or retirement facilities, doctors

5. appointments, hospital care and vaccinations.
6. **SECTION 3.** The Department of Health and Human Services will oversee the
7. enforcement of this bill.
8. **A.** Additional taxes shall be levied upon the citizens of the United States in order to
9. fund this new system of socialized medicine.
10. **SECTION 4.** This bill shall go into effect at the beginning of Fiscal Year 2018.
11. **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced by MDI High School, Maine District

5) A Bill to Nationally Legalize the Production, Sale, and Possession of Marijuana

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1. **SECTION 1.** The production, sale, and possession of marijuana for medical or recreational
2. use shall be made fully legal.
3. **SECTION 2.** A license must be required to grow cannabis on personal property.
4. **SECTION 3.** The intake of marijuana shall be made illegal on public property.
5. **SECTION 4.** The Department of Health and Human Services shall oversee the
6. implementation of this legislation.
7. **Section 5.** This legislation shall go into effect 30 days after passage.
8. **SECTION 6.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced by Lincoln Academy, Maine District

6) The Kill the Pill Act of 2018

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1. **SECTION 1:** Companies shall no longer be able to directly advertise prescription drugs
2. to the general public.
3. **SECTION 2A:** “Advertise” shall be defined as the explicit promotion of a product or
4. service to promote its purchase.
5. **SECTION 2B:** “Prescription drugs” shall be defined as any pharmaceuticals that require
6. approval from a doctor to legally acquire and use.
7. **SECTION 3:** The Food and Drug Administration shall oversee the enforcement of this
8. legislation.
9. **SECTION 4:** This law shall go into effect on January 1, 2018.
10. **SECTION 5:** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Rep. Thomas Vachon, SHS, Maine District

7) The National Right-to-Work Act of 2018

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1. **SECTION 1:** Union security agreements that require employees to pay union fees or join
2. a union during or after hiring are hereby banned.
3. **SECTION 2:** “Union security agreement” shall be defined as a contractual agreement
4. between an employer and a union concerning the power of a union to compel an
5. employee to join, or otherwise contribute money to the union.
6. **SECTION 3:** The Department of Labor and Department of Commerce shall jointly
7. oversee the implementation of this bill.
8. **SECTION 4:** This legislation shall take effect on January 1, 2018.
9. **SECTION 5:** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Rep. Thomas Vachon, SHS, Maine District

8) A Bill to Repeal the Johnson Amendment

1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2. **SECTION 1.** All organizations recognized under Section 501(c)(3) of the tax code shall no
3. longer be prohibited from directly or indirectly participating in, or intervening in, any
4. political campaign on behalf or in opposition to any candidate for elective office.
5. **SECTION 2.** The Johnson Amendment shall be defined as limitations set forth by the tax
6. code upon organizations recognized under Section 501(c)(3).
7. Organizations recognized under Section 501(c)(3) of the tax code shall be defined as
8. nonprofit organizations that are tax-exempt, with the approval of the Internal Revenue
9. Service.
10. **SECTION 3.** The Internal Revenue Service, along with the Federal Election Commission,
11. shall enforce this legislation
12. **SECTION 4.** This legislation shall take effect 15 days after the its passage
13. **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Rep. Ibrahim Chand, SHS, Maine District

9) A Bill to Limit Firearm Modifiers

1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2. **SECTION 1.** It shall be unlawful for any person in or affecting interstate commerce to
3. manufacture, possess, or transfer any part that functions to (1) increase the rate of fire of a
4. semiautomatic rifle or (2) reduce the noise or light emitted when a firearm is fired.
5. **SECTION 2.** In accordance with the timeline set forth in Section 4, the United States
6. government shall establish one collection facility in each Congressional district and shall
7. provide a cash rebate for the fair market value of any confiscated item turned in by an
8. American citizen.
9. **SECTION 3.** The Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms, and Explosives

10. (“ATF”) shall be responsible for implementing the provisions of this legislation.
11. **SECTION 4.** The manufacture and sale of any item restricted by Section 1 shall be unlawful
12. immediately upon the passage of this legislation. The ATF shall set up collection centers
13. within thirty (30) days of the passage of this legislation. Collection centers shall close one (1)
14. year from their opening date, after which point, it shall be unlawful to possess any item
15. restricted by Section 1.
16. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced by the NSDA

10) A Bill to Fund School Vouchers

1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2. **SECTION 1. A.** An additional \$20 billion in funding shall be allocated for distribution to the states. This fund shall be distributed to each state proportionally based on the number of residents living below the poverty line.
B. In order to receive a portion of this fund, states must use it to finance a school voucher program for students living in poverty.
3. **SECTION 2.** “School voucher program” shall be defined as a program that makes state
4. funding available to families to send their children to private primary and secondary
5. educational institutions. “Students living in poverty” shall be defined as any student
6. qualifying for a free or reduced lunch program.
7. **SECTION 3.** The Department of Education shall oversee the implementation of this
8. legislation.
9. **SECTION 4.** Funding shall be allocated on October 1, 2019. States must elect whether they
10. wish to receive funds by September 1, 2019.
11. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced by the NSDA